Reference: 07-004 Scharlau Microbiology - Technical data sheet

Product:

**AGAR BACTERIOLOGICAL** 

### Also known as

Agar-Agar

### **Specification**

Gelling agent selected for solidifying the microbiological culture media.

### Description

Agar is the dried, hydrophilic, colloidal substance extracted from algae known as Agarophyites (several species and genera of the Class *Rhodophyceae*). It consists of two polysaccharides, agarose and agaropectine, in a variable proportion depending on the geographical zone of origin.

Bacteriological Agar is a solidifying agent selected and prepared by mixing different agars from several geographical zones of origin. It is especially recommended for gelling microbiological culture media where excellent transparency and clarity is required.

# **Physico-chemical characteristics**

The most important characteristics are:

### Physical data

Appearance	Fine powder, free flowing
Color	Lig. beig- Beig
Melting point (1,5%)	. 83-89 °C
Gelling point (1,5%)	32-39 °C
Gel strength (Nikan)	. 700 ± 50 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Dissolution time (at 100°C)	1,00 min
Turbidity	. < 7 NTU

#### Chemical data

pH of 1,5% solution at 25°C	5,7 - 7,0
Particle size	< 0,45 mm
Loss on drying	< 8,00 % (w/w)
Residue on ignition	< 6,50 % (w/w)
Acid insoluble ash	< 0,03 % (w/w)
Calcium	300-2500 ppm
Magnessium	50-1000 ppm

# **Microbiological limits**

Total aerobic microbial count	< 1000 CFU/g
Heat resistant thermophiles	< 500 CFU/g
Heat resistant mesophiles	< 20 CFU/g
Coliforms	< 10 CFU/g
Moulds and yeasts	< 500 CFU/g
Staphylococcus aureus	absent in 10 g
Escherichia coli	absent in 10 g
Salmonella spp	absent in 25 g

# Storage

For laboratory use only. Keep tightly closed, away from bright light, in a cool dry place (+4  $^{\circ}$ C to 30  $^{\circ}$ C).

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