

Reference: 06-137LYO1

Scharlau Microbiology - Technical Data

Product: Legionella BCYE Growth Supplement (ISO)

Specification

Buffering supplement with the growth factors to complete the medium Base CYE into Legionella BCYE Agar.

Presentation				
5 (Lyoph.) + 5 (Solv.)	Packaging Details	Shelf Life	Storage	
Vial with: 7,5 ± 0.3 ml	1 box with 10 vials with white plastic cap and tag labelled (5 Freeze-dried vials + 5 vials with Steril Solvent).	36 months	2-25 ℃	

Composition

Compositon (g/vial)

by adding 1 vial with:

Description /Technique

Note: Each vial is sufficient to supplement 500 ml Legionella
CYE Agar Base Ref. 01-687. "In some case, crystallization can
occurs in the vial. This don't affect nor quality nor solubility of
the product after adding it to the medium".
1 5

ACES Buffer	5.000 g			
(N-2-acetamido-2-aminoethanesulfonic acid)				
Potassium hydroxide	1.400 g			
Ferric pyrophosphate	0.125 g			
Potassium Alfa-ketoglutarate	0.500 g			
L-Cysteine HCI	.0.200 g			

Sterile Solvent......7,5 ml

Reconstitute the original freeze-dried vial

<u>Description:</u> The discovery of the causative organism of Legionnaires' disease has permitted big progress in the studies around it. New media for the culture and the enumeration *Legionella spp* have been developped in the last years.

Legionella GVPC selective supplement, when added to the agar Base, gives the antibiotic support in order to obtain a selective final medium.

The selectivity is raised by the addition on vancomicin that acts against Gram positive bacteria, polymyxin B that inhibits Gram negative bacteria and cicloheximide or natamycin that are antifungal agents and inhibits the yeast growth.

<u>Technique:</u>

Collect, dilute and prepare samples and volumes as required according to specifications, directives, official standard regulations and/or expected results.

Reconstitute the 1 vial of Growth Supplement with 7,5 ml steril solvent, in aseptic conditions, and add it to 500 ml of melted Legionella BCYE Agar Base cooled to 47- 50°C. Do not overheat once supplemented.

Pour the complete medium into Petri dishes and, once solidified on a flat surface. Spread the plates by streaking methodology or by MF method.

Allow the inoculated plates to stand until the inocula has been absorbed. Invert the plates and incubate at $36 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C for up to 2, 3, 5 -10 days. To ensure the atmosphere in the incubator is humid, place a tray of water in the bottom of the incubator. Top up this tray with fresh water (if necessary) each time the plates are examined. Incubation in an atmosphere of air with 2,5% (volume fraction) CO₂ may be beneficial for the growth of some *Legionella*, but it is not essential.

Examine the plates with a plate microscope on at least three occasions at intervals of 2,3 to 5 days during the 10-day incubation period, as *Legionella* grow slowly an can be masked by the growth of other organisms. Record the number of each type of colony present. Colonies of *Legionella* are often white-grey-blue-purple in colour, but may be brown, pink, lime-green or deep-red. They are smooth with a smooth edges and exhibit a characteristic ground-glass appearance. Under ultraviolet light colonies of several species autofluoresce brilliant white, but others are red and *L. pneumophila* appear dull green often tinged with yellow. All presumptive colonies must be confirmed by cultural, biochemical, serological or genetic methods.



Quality control

Physical/Chemical control

Color : Yellowish / grayish

Microbiological control

Add 1 vial to 500 ml of medium base. DO NOT HEAT once supplemented.

Analytical methodology according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018; A2:2020.

Aerobiosis. Incubation at 36 ± 2 °C. Reading 2 - 5 days.

Microbiological control accor. to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018 standard

Microorganism

Microorganism	Growth	
Legionella pneumophila ATCC® 33152, WDCM 00107	Good (≥70%)	
Legionella anisa ATCC [®] 35292, WDCM 00106	Good (≥70%)	
Sterility control		

Add 5mL of the sample to 100 mL of TSB and to 100 mL Thioglycollate. Incubation 48 h at 30-35 °C and 48 h at 20-25 °C: NO GROWTH. Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions.

Bibliography

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