

Product: MUG Fluorescent Supplement

|--|

Sterile supplement used for Escherichia coli detection.

Presentation			
10 Freeze dried vials Vial with: 3 ± 0.1 g	Packaging Details 23x60 mm glass vials, tag labelled, White plastic cap - 10 vials per box.	Shelf Life 49 months	Storage 2-25 °C
Composition			
Compositon (g/vial)	NOTE : Each vial is sufficient to supplement 500 ml of medium Base.		
MUG0	050		
(4-Methyl-Umbelliferyl-ß-D-Glucuronide)			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Description /Technique

Description

The incorporation of this supplement into culture media is reported to improve the sensitivity and specificity of *E. coli* detection. MUG reagent is cleaved by the enzyme glucuronidase to release an end product 4-methylumbelliferone which produces a visible green/blue fluorescence under long wave ultra-violet light (366 nm). The addition of MUG reagent to culture media provides another criterion by which to determine the presence of Esch. coli in food and environmental samples.

<u>Technique</u>

Collect, dilute and prepare samples and volumes as required according to specifications, directives, official standard regulations and/or expected results.

Reconstitute the vial with a sterile diluent (distilled water) in aseptic conditions and add according to direction of culture media Base. Do not overheat once supplemented.

Pour the medium into suitable containers.

Inoculate and incubate according to culture media Base.

For VRBL/VRBG/McConkey:

Once distributed into plates and solidified on a flat surface, spread the plates by streaking methodology or by spiral method. Incubate the plates according to specification of culture media Base.

For Laurylsulfate-tryptose broth / Brilliant Green 2% Bile broth/ Lactose Broth:

Once distributed into tubes, inoculate with samples and incubate according to culture media Base.

Incubation at 44°C±1 °C increases the selectivity of the medium and the specificity for *E.coli* isolation.

After incubation, observe blue-green fluorescence development under UV light at 365 nm for glucuronisade activity, that constitutes a presumptive test for the presence of *E.coli* presence in the analized sample.

Each laboratory must evaluate the results according to their specifications.

Presuntive isolation of the required microorganism must be confirmed by further biochemical tests.



Product: MUG Fluorescent Supplement

Quality control

Physical/Chemical control Color : Off-white

Microbiological control

Reconstitute 1 vial as indicated in COMPOSITION; shake and dissolve completely

Add 1 vial to 500 ml of medium base. DO NOT HEAT once supplemented.

Analytical methodology according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018; A2:2020.

Distribute the complete medium, cooled to 50 °C, into 90 mm plates

Incubate according instructions for complete medium indicated in COMPOSITION.

Aerobiosis. Incubation at 36 ± 2 °C, reading at 18-24 h

Microorganism

Escherichia coli ATCC® 25922, WDCM 00013

Salmonella typhimurium ATCC® 14028, WDCM 00031 Sterility control

Add 5mL of the sample to 100 mL of TSB and to 100 mL Thioglycollate. Incubation 48 h at 30-35 °C and 48 h at 20-25 °C: NO GROWTH. Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions.

Bibliography

KILIAN, M. a. BÜLOW, P.: Rapid diagnosis of Enterobacteriaceae. I. Detection of bacterial glycosidases. -Acta Pathol. Microbiol. Scand. Sect. B 84; 245-251 (1976).

MANAFI, M. a. KNEIFEL, W.: A combined chromogenic-fluorogenic medium for the simultaneous detection of total coliforms and E. coli in water. - Zentralabl. Hyg. 189; 225-234 (1989)

ISO 11866-2:1997. MIIk and milk products. Enumeration of presumptive Escherichia coli. Part 2: Most probable number technique using MUG.

TREPETA, R.W: and EDBERG, S.C. 1984. MUG based medium for rapid isolation and identification of E.coli. Journ of Clinical Microbiology, 19(2): 172-174

Growth

Good - High Fluorescent Good - NO Fluorescence