Scharlau Microbiology - Technical data sheet



Reference : 01-082 Scharlau Microbiolo Product : TRYPTONE GLUCOSE EXTRACT AGAR (TGE AGAR)

Also known as

Colony Count Agar; Trypticase Glucose Extract Agar

Specification

Plate count medium for milk and dairy products, according to standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products.

Formula * in g/L

Meat extract	3,0
Tryptone	5,0
D(+) Glucose	1,0
Agar	15,0

Final pH 7,0 ±0,2 at 25 °C

* Adjusted and /or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria

Directions

Add 24 g of powder in 1 L of distilled water. Heat to the boil with constant stirring. Dispense in suitable containers and sterilize in the autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.

Description

Tryptone Glucose Extract Agar was adopted as an alternative to Nutrient Agar according to APHA (Art. No. 01-144) and Nutrient Agar according to British Pharmacopoeia (Art. No. 01-140) for bacteria enumeration in milk, being a complement to Plate Count Agar (Art. No. 01-161).

Technique

For enumeration purposes the poured plate Method is preferred, with incubation à 30-32°C for 48 hours. If the dilution is more than 10% it is advisable to add milk to the medium. To do this, prepare a suspension of Lait écréméseparately, and sterilize it for 10 minutes à 118°C.

Autoclaving must be as short as possible. Homogenize with the culture medium which has been sterilized and cooled to 50°C. The use of natural milk is not recommended due its high variability.

The medium must be quickly poured into Petri dishes because if it remains hot for too long flocculation and abnormal precipitates may appear. If the sample is not diluted or the volume in the plate is more than 2 mL, it is not necessary to add the Lait écrémébecause it is assumed that the sample provides the required growth factors.

Quality control

Incubation temperature: 36

nperature: 36°C ±2,0 Incubation t

Incubation time: 44 ± 2h

Inoculum: Practical range 100 ± 20 CFU. Min. 50 CFU (Productivity) according to ISO 11133:2014/Amd 1:2018 . Spiral Plate Method.

Microorganism

Staphylococcus aureus ATCC[®] 25923 Bacillus subtilis ATCC[®] 6633 Escherichia coli ATCC[®] 25922 Salmonella typhimurium ATCC[®] 14028 Yersinia enterocolitica ATCC[®] 9610 Escherichia coli ATCC[®] 8739



Bacillus subtilis ATCC 6633

Growth	Remarks
Productivity > 0.70	-



Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 25923



Escherichia coli ATCC 25922

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TRYPTONE GLUCOSE EXTRACT AGAR (TGE AGAR)

References

- · APHA-AWWA-WEF (1998) Standard Metods for the Examinationof Water and Wastewater. 20th ed. APHA. Washington.
- · DOWNES, F.P. & K. ITO (2001) Compendium of methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods. 4th ed. APHA. Washington.
- · FDA (Food and Drug Adminstrations). (1998) Bacteriological Analytical Manual 8th ed. Revision A. AOAC International, Gaitherburg. MD.
- · HORWITZ, W. (2000) Official Methods of Analysis. AOAC International. Gaitherburg. MD.

Reference : 01-082

Product :

. ISO 11133:2014/ Adm 1:2018. Microbiology of food, animal feed and water. Preparation, production, storage and performance testing of culture media.

· MARSHALL, R.T. (Ed.) (1992) Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products. 16th ed. APHA. Washington.

Storage

For laboratory use only. Keep tightly closed, away from bright light, in a cool dry place (+4 °C to 30 °C).